Announcements

NPTEL » Power Electronics

Unit 6 - Week 5 Course outline **Assignment 5** How to access the portal The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. Week 1 Week 2 Week 3 For questions 1 to 15, Week 4 Week 5 Numericals on devices and Single-phase Rectifiers Three Phase Rectifiers - II O Quiz: Assignment 5 Feedback Form Week 5 Score: 0 Week 6 Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 42.00,43.00 Week 7 Week 8 Calculate the PF Week 9 Week 10 Score: 0 Accepted Answers: Week 11 (Type: Range) 0.70,0.72 Week 12 Calculate the DPF Solved Numerical Examples Assignment Solution Score: 0 Accepted Answers: Text Transcripts (Type: Range) 0.72,0.76 Calculate the real power in kW No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 5.5,6.5 Calculate the reactive power in kVar. No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 5.5,6.5 CASE B: If the load torque is reduced to half the rated value, determine the Firing angle in degrees No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 41.00,43.00 PF No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 0.70,0.72 8) DPF No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 0.72,0.74 9) Active power in kW No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 2.9,3.1 Reactive power in kVar. No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 **Accepted Answers:** (Type: Range) 2.7,3.2 CASE C: For full load torque and half the rated speed, determine the Firing angle in degrees No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 67,68

12) PF

Score: 0

13) DPF

Score: 0

Score: 0

Score: 0

No, the answer is incorrect.

No, the answer is incorrect.

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 0.37,0.39

Active power in W

Accepted Answers:

(Type: Range) 3055,3058

Reactive power in Var.

No, the answer is incorrect.

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 7912,7917

For questions 16 to 20,

that motor current is ripple-free.

No, the answer is incorrect.

Accepted Answers:

(Type: Range) 2518,2522

For questions 21 to 23,

20) Determine the power (in W) fed back to the supply at 1000 rpm.

La = 10 mH. The motor voltage constant is Kb = 0.1 V/rpm.

 Th_2

 D_2

continuous and ripple-free, determine:

 D_1

22) The power delivered to the motor in W.

The firing angle α in degrees.

No, the answer is incorrect.

No, the answer is incorrect.

The supply power factor.

No, the answer is incorrect.

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 0.74,0.76

For questions 24 to 27,

(a) Fully controlled bridge

No, the answer is incorrect.

(Type: Range) 11.75,11.85

Steady state torque in N.m.

No, the answer is incorrect.

No, the answer is incorrect.

27) Steady state torque in N.m.

No, the answer is incorrect.

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 16.3,16.5

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 22,23

Hint

Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 8.75,8.80

Accepted Answers:

Score: 0

Score: 0

24) Armature current drawn by the motor in A

(b) Half-controlled (semi-converter) bridge.

26) Armature current drawn by the motor in A

Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 2712,2715

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 72.5,73.5

Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 140,142

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 0.79,0.81

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 2877,2882

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 26.5,27.7

Score: 0

Score: 0

Score: 0

Score: 0

Score: 0

16) Determine the firing angle α in degrees

Determine the power to the motor in W.

Determine the supply power factor.

 $K_b = 0.09 \text{ V/rpm}$. Neglect the losses in the converter.

A single-phase full converter is used to control the speed of a 5 hp, 110 V, 1200 rpm, separately excited dc motor. The converter is connected to a single-phase 120 V, 50 Hz supply. The armature resistance is R = 0.2Ω and armature circuit inductance is L_a = 5 mH. The motor voltage constant is

CASE A: Rectifier (or motoring) operation. The dc machine operates as a motor, runs at 1000 rpm, and carries an armature current of 30 A. Assume

CASE B: Inverter operation (regenerating action). The polarity of the motor back emf is reversed, say by reversing the field excitation.

A single phase semi-converter, shown in below figure, is used to control the speed of small separately excited dc motor rated at 4.5 kW, 220V, 1500 rpm. The converter is connected to a single phase 230 V, 50 Hz supply. The armature resistance is Ra = 0.50 Ω and the armature circuit inductance is

With the converter operates as a rectifier, the dc motor runs at 1200 rpm and carries an armature current of 16 A. Assume that the motor current is

FWD

FWD

A d.c. permanent magnet motor has the following parameters: Ra = 3 Ω , Ke = 0.52 V/rpm.Wb , Φ (flux per pole) = 150 mWb.

applied phase a.c. voltage to the bridge is vs=330sinωt volts. Assuming the motor current is continuous;

Calculate the following armature current drawn by the motor and the steady-state torque for the cases of:

The motor speed is controlled by a single phase full wave bridge rectifier. The firing angle α is set at 45°, and the average speed is 1450 rpm. The

Determine the firing angle (in degrees) to keep the motor current at 30 A when the speed is 1000 rpm.

No, the answer is incorrect.

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 0.35,0.37

CASE A: At rated conditions No, the answer is incorrect. No, the answer is incorrect. No, the answer is incorrect.

As per our records you have not submitted this assignment. COMMON INSTRUCTION: PROVIDE YOUR ANSWERS ROUNDED OFF TO 2 DECIMALS PLACES. A 3-phase fully controlled converter (with an input of 400V 50 Hz) is feeding a separately excited DC motor drive of 400 V, 15 A, 1200 rpm rating. If we assume the armature resistance to be 0.5 Ω with continuous ripple free armature current, What should be the firing angle in degrees

About the Course

Progress

1 point

0 points

0 points

0 points

1 point

1 point

1 point

1 point

Ask a Question

Mentor

Due on 2019-09-04, 23:59 IST.